

OSHA HazCom Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and GHS Rev 03.

Reviewed on 06/01/2015

email: info@ecolink.com

1 Identification

· Product identifier

· Trade name: Hypersolve™

· Product description

Metal Cleaner, Degreaser & Flux Remover

Product Name Part No. National Stock No. Packaging Hypersolve™ 0338-55 55 Gal Drum 6850-01-450-6160 Hypersolve™ 0338-5 5 Gal Pail 6850-01-450-6162 4 x 1 Gal Case Hypersolve™ 0338-1 6850-01-450-6165

- · Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Ecolink

2177 Flintstone Drive, Ste. A

Tucker, GA 30084

www.ecolink.com

800-886-8240 or 770-621-8240 (8-5 EST)

· Emergency telephone number:

Inside the U.S.: 800-535-5053; Outside the U.S.: 352-323-3500 (INFOTRAC, 24 HOURS)

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS08 Health hazard

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Repr. 1B H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS07

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Cau

Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 H335-H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements

The substance is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· Hazard pictograms





GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word Danger

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Trade name: Hypersolve™

· Hazard-determining components of labeling:

n-Propyl Bromide

propan-1-ol

1,2-epoxybutane

2-methylpropan-2-ol

· Hazard statements

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Precautionary statements

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye protection / face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment (see supplementary first aid instructions on this Safety Data Sheet).

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center1doctor if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· Classification system:

· NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



Health = 1 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



Health = *1 Fire = 0

Reactivity = 0

· Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known

115

< 1.5%



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3 Composition/information on ingredients

· Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous Components:

Proprietary organic acid blend

CAS: 106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide > 93%

RTECS: TX 4110000 Flam. Lig. 2, H225; Carc. 18, H350; Repr. 18, H360; STOT RE 2, Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335-H336

H373; propan-1-ol CAS: 71-23-8 < 4%

RTECS: UH 8225000 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H336

CAS: 75-65-0 2-methylpropan-2-ol

RTECS: EO 1925000 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319;

Flam. Liq. 2, H225; STOT SE 3, H335

CAS: 106-88-7 1,2-epoxybutane < 1.5%

RTECS: EK 3675000 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Carc. 2, H351; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute

Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A,

H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

4 First-aid measures

- Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure to call for a doctor. In case of un-consciousness, place patient securely on side position for transportation. If breathing stops administer artificial respiration immediately and seek medical attention immediately.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly, launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

· After eve contact:

Rinse opened eye, including under eyelids, for at least 15 minutes under running water. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: Rinse mouth, DO NOT induce vomiting, immediately consult a doctor.
- · Information for doctor:

Inadvertent inhalation of vomited material may seriously damage the lungs. The danger of this is greater than the risk of poisoning through absorption. The stomach should only be emptied by a doctor and after the installation of an airway to protect the lungs.

· Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

No further relevant information available.

· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.



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5 Fire-fighting measures

· Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

For small (incipient) fires, use regular foam, water fog, carbon dioxide or dry chemical. For large fires apply water from afar away as possible using very large quantities (flooding) applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
 Material forms a flammable mixture with air in a narrow flammability range (3.8% - 7.5%. by volume).
 Containers exposed to flame or high heat may explode. In fire, toxic gases may be released. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire.

- · Advice for firefighters Keep fire exposed containers cool with water.
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent), and full protective gear to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear appropriate chemical protection equipment i.e. gloves, face shield, goggles and suitable body protection to prevent contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

- · Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers / surface or ground water.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (i.e. sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace, avoid breathing fumes, gas, mist, vapors and sprays. Wear protective gloves, goggles and clothing. No eating or smoking in the work area.

Information about protection against explosions and fires:

Keep protective respiratory device available.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well ventilated place. Keep containers tightly closed.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store locked up.
- · Further information about storage conditions: Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

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8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see section 7.

· Control parameters

All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR 1910.94). Use mechanical (general) ventilation for storage areas. Use appropriate ventilation as required to keep Exposure Limits in Air below TLV & PEL limits.

· Components with occupational exposure limits:

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

TLV Long-term value: 0.5 mg/m3, 0.1 ppm

71-23-8 propan-1-ol

PEL Long-term value: 500 mg/m³, 200 ppm
REL Short-term value: 625 mg/m³, 250 ppm
Long-term value: 500 mg/m³, 200 ppm Skin

TLV Long-term value: 246 mg/m3, 100 ppm

75-65-0 2-methylpropan-2-ol

PEL Long-term value: 300 mg/m³, 100 ppm
REL Short-term value: 450 mg/m³, 150 ppm
Long-term value: 300 mg/m³, 100 ppm
TLV Long-term value: 303 mg/m³, 100 ppm

106-88-7 1,2-epoxybutane

WEEL Long-term value: 2 ppm

· Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation of this SDS were used as basis.

· Exposure controls

Ensure adequate ventilation especially in confined areas, ensure eye wash stations and safety showers are close to work stations.

· Personal protective equipment:

· General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Store protective clothing separately. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Breathing equipment:

In case of intensive or longer exposure use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

Use gloves when contact with material may occur. Viton, laminate film, PVA or Silvershield gloves offer the best protection. DO NOT use natural rubber gloves when handling this product. Nitrile, neoprene or butyl gloves offer less protection and should be used for splash protection only.

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Trade name: Hypersolve™

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles or safety glasses with side shields

9 Physical and chemical properties

· Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Liquid

Color: Clear, Water-like
Odor: Characteristic
Odor threshold: Not determined.

pH-value: Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range:-110 °C (-166 °F) (-166 °F)Boiling point/Boiling range:71 °C (160 °F) (160 °F)

Flash point: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gaseous): Not applicable.
Ignition temperature: Not determined.
Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· Auto igniting: Not determined.

• Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Explosion limits:

Lower: 3.8 Vol % 7.5 Vol % 7.5 Vol % 7.5 Vol % 111 mm Hg

• Density @ 20 °C (68 °F): 1.323 g/cm3 (11.03 lbs/gal)

Relative density
 Vapor density
 Evaporation rate @ 20 °C (68 °F)
 Not determined.
 >1.0 (air = 1)
 4 (n-BuAc = 1)

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

Water @ 20 °C (68 °F): Negligible

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic: Not determined. **Kinematic:** Not determined.

· Other information

VOC Content 1103 g/l

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10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

Extremely high temperatures, contact with incompatible materials.

- · Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
- · Conditions to avoid Extreme heat, flame and ignition sources.
- · Incompatible materials:

Certain plastics and rubber.

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

Will react with alkali, avoid contact with aluminum, tin, zinc, halogenated solvents, strong oxidizers and acids. Certain plastics and rubber.

· Hazardous decomposition products:

Oxides of carbon, Hydrogen bromide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes and/or unburned hydrocarbons.

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

Inhalative LC50 14 h 253 mg/l (rat)

71-23-8 propan-1-ol

 Oral
 LD50
 1,870 mg/kg (rat)

 Dermal
 LD50
 5,040 mg/kg (rabbit)

75-65-0 2-methylpropan-2-ol

Oral LD50 3,500 mg/kg (rat)

106-88-7 1,2-epoxybutane

Oral LD50 500 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal LD50 2,100 mg/kg (rabbit)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.
- · on the eye: Irritating effect.
- · Sensitization: Sensitization possible through skin contact.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- · Carcinogenic categories
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Group 2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans

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Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

Group 4 - Probably not carcinogenic to humans

106-88-7 1,2-epoxybutane

2B

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

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· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients are listed.

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity The hazards for the aquatic environment are unknown.
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course, dry creek beds or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage or any water system. HYPERSOLVE liquid is to be disposed of according to local, state, federal and international regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Drums should be re-used, recondition, pressure tested by licensed re-conditioner. Pails should be vented and thoroughly dry prior to crushing and/or recycling.

14 Transport information

- · UN-Number
- · DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

Non-Regulated Material

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· UN proper shipping name

· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Non-Regulated Material

· Transport hazard class(es)

· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

· Class Non-Regulated Material

· Packing group

· DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA Non-Regulated Material

Environmental hazards: Not applicable.
 Special precautions for user Not applicable.

· Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· **DOT** DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx): 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 203 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 242

· UN "Model Regulation":

15 Regulatory information

- · Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Sara
- · Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

75-65-0 2-methylpropan-2-ol

106-88-7 1,2-epoxybutane

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

- · California Proposition 65
- · Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

106-94-5 n-Propyl Bromide

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Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

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· Carcinogenic categories

· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients are listed.

75-65-0 2-methylpropan-2-ol

· TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

71-23-8 propan-1-ol

NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients are listed.

· GHS label elements

The substance is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· Hazard pictograms





GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labeling:

n-Propyl Bromide propan-1-ol

1,2-epoxybutane

2-methylpropan-2-ol

· Hazard statements

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Precautionary statements

Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment (see supplementary first aid instructions on this Safety Data Sheet).

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

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Trade name: Hypersolve™

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· National regulations:

The product is subject to be classified according with the latest version of the regulations on hazardous substances.

State Right to Know

All ingredients are listed.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

The information and recommendations in this safety data sheet are, to the best of our knowledge, accurate as of the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create warranty, expressed or implied, and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. It is the responsibility of the user to determine applicability of this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.

· Date of preparation / last revision 06/01/2015

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN: The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2A

Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 1B

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 2

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 1B

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 3

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